



JUMPSUIT CUTTING INSTRUCTIONS
DOCUMENT: JESJUMPSUIT CUTTING INSTRUCTIONS V1.0
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- SUPPLIES NEEDED**
- 3 1/4 YARDS OF 54" WIDE FABRIC
 - SHARP SCISSORS
 - REMOVABLE MARKING MEDIUM (chalk, wax, tailor's hawk, etc.)
 - 1/2" NON-SEPARATING ZIPPER
 - THREAD
 - SEWING MACHINE
- optional:
- 1/2 YARD OF THINNER POCKET FABRIC
 - FUSIBLE INTERFACING

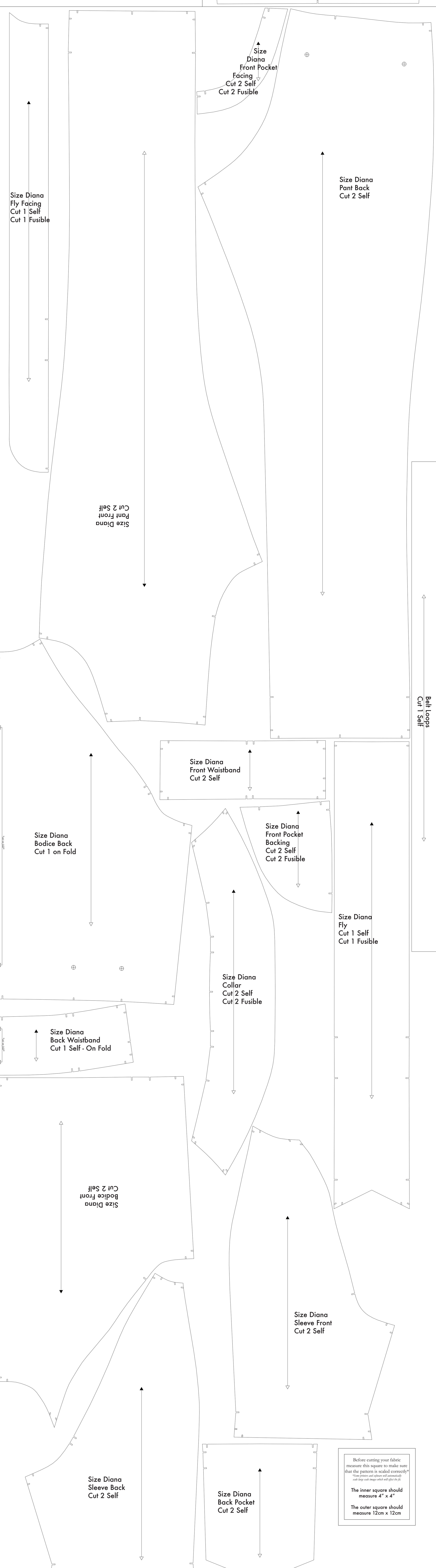
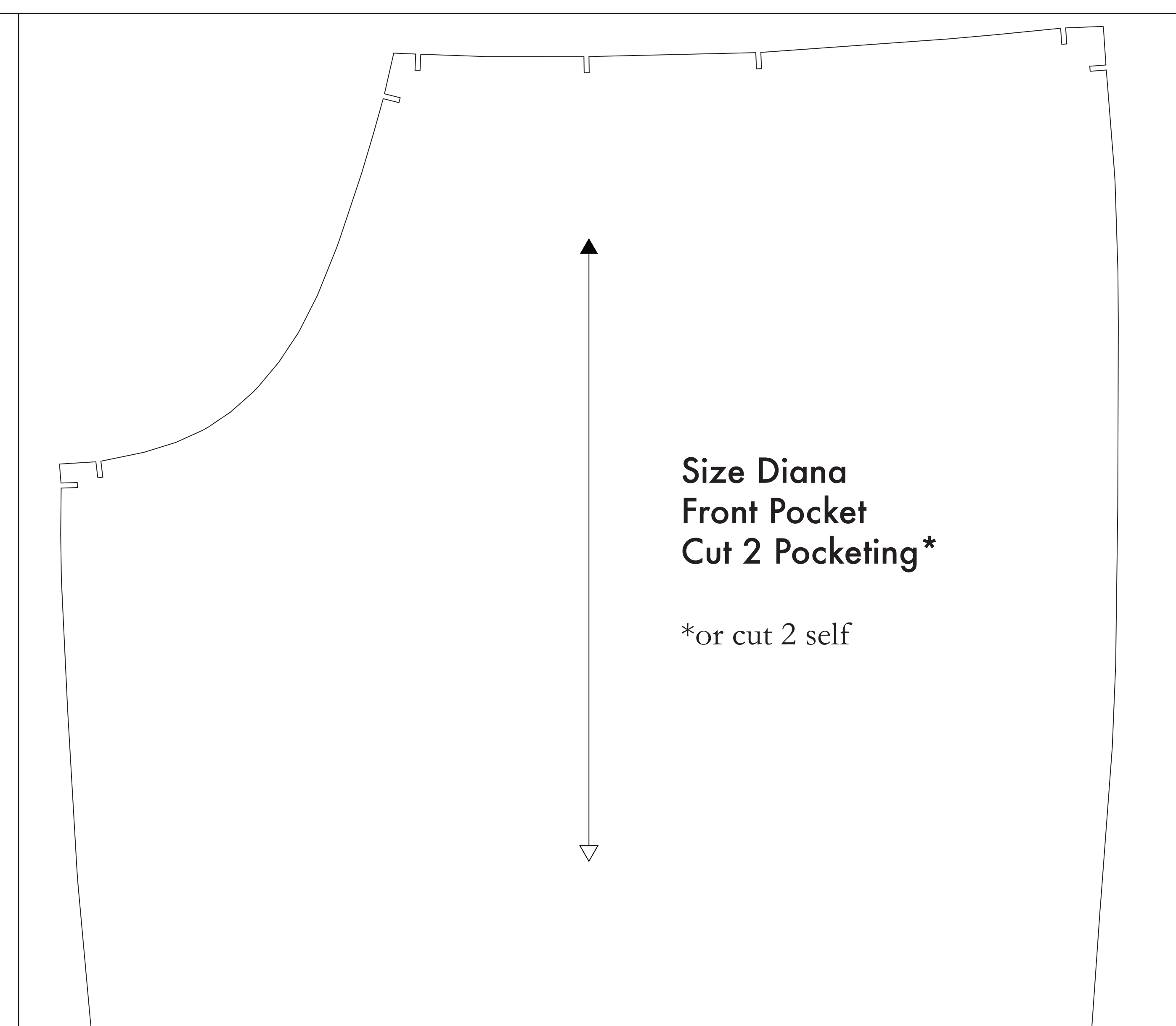
CUTTING INSTRUCTIONS

- Print pattern. You can print the document ideal on sheets of standard size paper and tape the pieces together, or print on a wide-format printer (36" or wider). Please check your printer settings for approximately 300 DPI. If available to you, the PDF recommends with format printing.
- Check your pattern is printed, use the measurement rectangles to remove any excess paper. This template should fit roughly a 54" wide or larger piece of fabric that has been folded in half. If your fabric is less than 54" wide, see **NOTE A**. For maximum yield this pattern is laid out for fabric that does not have a direction. For fabric with a nap, such as velvet or corduroy or fabric with a clear directional print see **NOTE B**.
- Fold your fabric in half along the lengthwise grain matching up the edge edge to the edge edge. Solve for the width of the fabric. This narrow border keeps the fabric from unraveling or fraying. Diana is has an edge that works like any fringe, though not as frequently, as a finished hem will be for a skirt. Fold this edge to your cut pieces as the pattern frequently differs from the main body of the fabric.
- Place the paper template on top of your fabric, matching the folded edge of the fabric with the side of the paper marked "folded edge".
- Trace your pattern onto the template, pinning together both layers of fabric as well as the paper.
- Cut around the perimeter of each piece.
- Leaving the pins in place, you will need to strip each of the needles, taking care to not strip behind the end of the 1" shape.
- Mark the center of the waistband, waistband, or waistband by the following method:
These center dots indicate waistband ends, while other notches are for the waistband.
- Mark all inseam darts. Using a pin, bring together both layers of fabric and the pattern, mark the center of each dart both with chalk, wax or other removable, nonpermanent tool. A tailor's tack may also be used. These center dots indicate waistband ends, while other notches are for the waistband.
- Mark all inseam darts. Using a pin, bring together both layers of fabric and the pattern, mark the center of each dart both with chalk, wax or other removable, nonpermanent tool. A tailor's tack may also be used. These center dots indicate waistband ends, while other notches are for the waistband.
- OPTIONAL: Cut fusible interfacing pieces (see **NOTE C** for more info). Pattern pieces that use fusible will be marked with the direction "Fusible" or "Cut 1 Fusible". These pieces are the Collar, Fly, Fly Facing, Front Pocket Facing, and Front Pocket Backing. To cut the fusible, lay the material down with the glue side facing up, then place your pattern down and cut around the perimeter of each piece and notch.
- Cut the Front Pocket Fly out of a lighter pocketing material. If you are not using a pocketing material, then the Front Pocket Fly may be cut alongside your other pattern pieces. Pocketing is used to make both in case of fabric material - You will find an example of pocketing in any pair of blue jeans.

NOTE A: FABRIC LESS THAN 54" WIDE
If your fabric is less than 54" wide, you will need to cut your pattern pieces individually from the paper template and piece them together on your fabric. This means that you will need to cut your pattern pieces on your fabric in a way that allows you to piece them together. The pattern pieces are all marked with arrows pointing to the grain of the fabric. The pattern pieces are marked with arrows pointing to the grain of the fabric. When marking pieces on your fabric, the arrows should be parallel to the selvage edge of your fabric. To ensure that the pieces are marked correctly, draw lines from the top edge down to the edge of the fabric. The arrows should be parallel to the grain of the fabric. The arrows should be parallel to the grain of the fabric.

NOTE B: FABRIC WITH NAP OR DIRECTIONAL PATTERN
If your fabric has a nap or a directional pattern, you will need to cut your pattern pieces on your fabric in a way that allows you to piece them together. The pattern pieces are all marked with arrows pointing to the grain of the fabric. The pattern pieces are marked with arrows pointing to the grain of the fabric. When marking pieces on your fabric, the arrows should be parallel to the selvage edge of your fabric. To ensure that the pieces are marked correctly, draw lines from the top edge down to the edge of the fabric. The arrows should be parallel to the grain of the fabric. The arrows should be parallel to the grain of the fabric.

NOTE C: USING FUSIBLE INTERFACING
Fusible interfacing is a material that is used to reinforce, stabilize, and provide support to garments. It is used to reinforce the waistband, collar, and pocket facings. The pattern pieces that use fusible will be marked with the direction "Fusible" or "Cut 1 Fusible". These pieces are the Collar, Fly, Fly Facing, Front Pocket Facing, and Front Pocket Backing. To cut the fusible, lay the material down with the glue side facing up, then place your pattern down and cut around the perimeter of each piece and notch.



Before cutting your fabric measure this square to make sure that the pattern is scaled correctly.*
*Some printers and software will automatically scale large scale images which will affect the fit.
The inner square should measure 4" x 4"
The outer square should measure 12cm x 12cm