

- SUPPLIES NEEDED**
- 3 1/4 YARDS OF 54" WIDE FABRIC
 - SHARP SCISSORS
 - REMOVABLE MARKING MEDIUM (chalk, wax, tailor's tack, etc.)
 - 1 1/2" NONSEPARATING ZIPPER
 - THREAD
 - SEWING MACHINE
- optional:*
- 1/2 YARD OF THINNER POCKET FABRIC
 - FUSIBLE INTERFACING

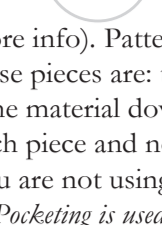
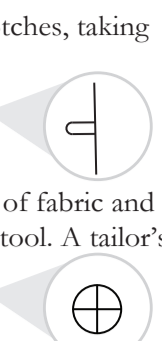
CUTTING INSTRUCTIONS

- Print pattern. View the pattern document that on sheets of standard size paper and tape the pieces together, or print on a wide-format printer (36" or wider). Print shape after this service for approximately \$12. If available to you, the B2B service will format printing.
- Trace your pattern in pencil, cut along the outermost rectangle to remove any excess paper. The template should fit exactly on 54" wide or larger pieces of fabric that have been folded in half. If your fabric is less than 54" wide, use the 54" wide or larger pieces of fabric with a clear directional grain as **NOTE B**.
- NOTE A:** For maximum fold the pattern is laid out for fabric that does not have a direction. For fabric with a long grain or a directional grain, use the fabric with a clear directional grain as **NOTE B**.
- Fold your fabric in half along the lengthwise grain matching selvage edge to selvage edge. Selvage is the self-finished edge of fabric. This serves to keep the fabric from stretching or fraying when a bias or edge that normally may fringe, though not as frequently, a clearly finished line will be found. Avoid this edge in your cut pieces as the texture frequently differs from the main body of the fabric.
- Place the paper template on top your fabric, matching the folded edge of the fabric with the side of the paper marked "fold edge".
- Place pins throughout the template pinning together both layers of fabric as well as the paper.
- Cut around the perimeter of each piece.
- Leaving the pins in place, you will next need to snip each of the notches, taking care to not snip beyond the end of the fabric!

NOTE A: FABRIC LESS THAN 54" WIDE
 If your fabric is less than 54" wide you will need to use self-cutting pieces which have the paper template and make a line on your own fabric where you require the fabric piece to be joined or aligned with. The pattern measures from the side of the fabric, not from the center of the fold. To cut the fabric correctly, you must make a line on the fabric that is the same distance from the center of the fold as the distance from the center of the fold to the side of the paper piece in a correctly positioned!

NOTE B: FABRIC WITH NAP OR DIRECTIONAL GRAIN
 For fabric with nap, such as velvet or corduroy, that will also directional grain, or for matching upper and lower pieces, you will need to use the pattern pieces individually that show the nap or grain direction, ensuring that the nap direction is the same for both pieces in the cut.

NOTE C: USING FUSIBLE INTERFACING
 Fusible interfacing is a material that is used to reinforce, strengthen and stabilize some pieces of a garment. When in use of fusible interfacing, spread the fabric from the center to the edge and apply the interfacing to the wrong side of the fabric, ensuring that the interfacing is applied to the wrong side of the fabric.



Before cutting your fabric measure this square to make sure that the pattern is scaled correctly!
**Same printers and software will automatically scale large scale images which will affect the fit.*

The inner square should measure 4" x 4"

The outer square should measure 12cm x 12cm

